

Depth of Knowledge Descriptors for Science

Level 1		
Descriptions	Key Words	Criterion
<p>Recall and Reproduction:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Recall of information, fact, definition, term, or a simple procedure – Performance of a simple process or procedure 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Identify – Recall – Recognize – Use – Calculate – Measure – *Describe – *Explain <p style="text-align: center;"><i>*Could be classified at different levels, depending on what is to be described and explained</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Must recall or recognize a fact, term, simple procedure (involves only one step), property or example – Must demonstrate a rote response – Must perform a simple process or procedure – Must use a well known a formula – Must follow a set procedure (like a recipe) – Must perform a clearly defined series of steps – Must represent in words or diagrams a scientific concept or relationship – Must provide or recognize a standard scientific representation for simple phenomenon – Must perform a routine procedure, such as measuring

Level 2		
Descriptions	Key Words	Criterion
<p>Skill/Concept:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Use information or conceptual knowledge. – More than one step – Includes the engagement of some mental processing beyond a recalling or reproducing a response 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Classify – Organize – Estimate – Make Observations – Collect and display data – Compare data – *Uses action verbs such as: explain, describe, and interpret <p style="text-align: center;"><i>*Could be classified at different levels depending on the object of the action</i></p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Must make decisions regarding the approach to the question or problem – Must compare data for purposes of identifying characteristics, grouping, or ordering – Must make observations and collect data – Must classify, organize, compare, and interpret data – Must organize and display data in tables, graphs, and charts – Must read and interpret information from a simple graphs, illustrations, tables, charts, and diagrams – Must specify and explain the relationship between facts, terms, properties, or variables – Must describe and explain examples and non-examples of science concepts – Must select a procedure according to specified criteria and perform it – Must formulate a routine problem, given data and conditions

Level 3		
Descriptions	Key Words	Criterion
<p>Strategic Thinking:</p> <p>Requires reasoning, planning, and the use of evidence. Involve more than one possible answer and require justification</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Reason – Plan – Develop – Sequence – Use evidence – Justify – Conclude – Develop logical arguments – Explain phenomena in terms of concepts 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Cognitive demands are complex and abstract – Must explain thinking to justify response – Must draw conclusions from observations and experimental data – Must cite evidence and develop a logical argument for concepts/ processes – Must explain phenomenon in terms of concepts – Must decide which concepts to apply in order to solve non-routine problems – Must identify research questions/ hypotheses – Must develop a scientific model for a complex situation – Must plan an investigation of a scientific problem – Must interpret complex graphs illustrations, tables, charts and diagram

Level 4		
Descriptions	Key Words	Criterion
<p>Extended Thinking:</p> <p>Requires complex reasoning, experimental design, and planning over an extended period of time applying conceptual understanding and higher-order thinking.</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Design – Conduct – Develop – Prove – Critique – Synthesize – Higher order thinking 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> – Must relate ideas within the content area or among content areas and select one approach among several alternatives – Must develop generalizations of the results obtained and the strategies used and apply them to new problem situations – Performance assessments and open-ended assessment activities that require significant thought – Based on data provided from a complex experiment that is novel, must deduct the fundamental relationship between several controlled variables – Must conduct an investigation, from specifying a problem to designing and carrying out an experiment, to analyzing its data and forming conclusions